제2강

우리에게 과거, 현재, 미래가 중요한 이유

● 역사의 교훈

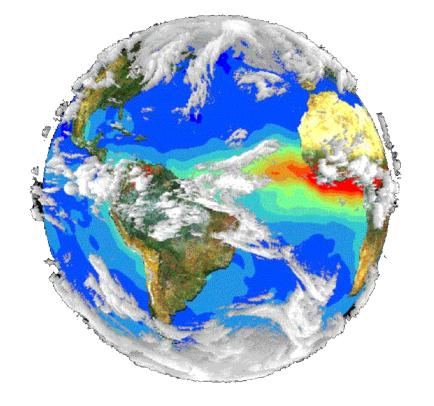
히틀러, 북한, 이들은 무엇을 믿었을까? 망원경, 스탈린 영국, 미국, 대한민국, 그들의 선택은? 자유주의, 시장경제, 복지국가

- 판단력
 리더의 중요성
 19세기 西勢 東漸과 아시아의 지도자들
 명치 일본과 쇄국 조선
- 선견력 대다수 인간 시야의 한계 먼 앞을 내다 본다

사회를 읽는 키워드: 키워드를 통해 본 현대사 회의 핵심 이슈와 쟁점들

- 인간의 역사를 읽어야 하는 이유
- 인간과 환경, 함께 진화하는 하나의 생명체
- 사회의 기초, 인구, 제도, 환경
- 인간의 선택 세계의 많은 국가와 민족, 개인들의 운명이 달라지는 이유? 선택의 차이
- 우리가 살아가는 사회는 어디에서 와서, 어디로 가는가? 지역적 관점, 환경적 관점, 제도적 관점, 인간적 관점





The Gaia Theory: is a new way of understanding life on our planet. The theory asserts that living organisms and their inorganic surroundings have evolved together as a single living system that greatly affects the chemistry and conditions of Earth's surface. "Gaian system" is a self-regulates global temperature, atmospheric content, ocean salinity, and other factors. The Gaia Theory has inspired ideas and practical applications for economic systems, policy, scientific inquiry, and other work. (http://www.gaiatheory.org/)

The Third Chimpanzee: humanity's success and its potential for disaster.

The chimpanzee's closest relatives (part one)

Humans and chimps are differ in their genes by just 1.6%, whereas chimp and gorillas differ by 2.3%. The chimp's closest relatives are not the other apes, but the human. Humans should be treated as a third species of chimpanzee.

Sexual Selection (parts 2,3)

Part two considers the mechanics of sexual selection. It considers how across species, females are more careful in selecting their mates than males. This determines much of human behaviour, from how we pick our mates, how we organize society and child nurturing systems, leading to differing social structures. It also considers questions of longevity - the previous generation dies because its biological clock shuts down metabolism and repair, so that the new progeny does not have to compete with them. Part three extends the effects of sexual selection into language, art, hunting and agriculture, through the idea of honest signaling - sexual signals that also cost the signer. This is extrapolated to explain the appeal of drugs.

World Conquest: (part 4)

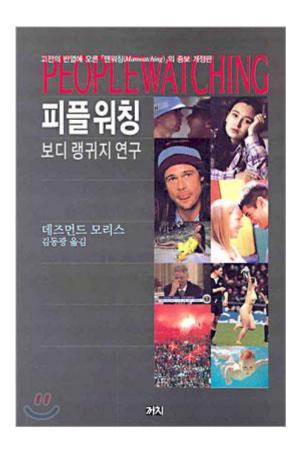
Part four considers conquest. Why is it that the Eurasians came to dominate other cultures? Diamond's answer is that this was due to the East-West layout of the Eurasian continent, due to which animals like horses could migrate from one region to another. On the other hand, migration along the N-S axis was much more difficult owing to the severe imbalances of climate. Also, the greater mobility of populations also permits greater resistance to disease, which is another reason why contact among geographically separated cultures often leads to extinction. Historically, Diamond argues that such contacts between widely differing populations have very frequently culminated in the extinction of the disadvantaged groups like many <u>native American</u> tribes, the <u>Tasmanians</u>, etc. There is a long list of genocides in history.

Environmental Impact and Extinction (part five)

Civilizations sometimes get caught up in internal superiority contests, and deplete the environment to such an extent that they may never recover. Examples include <u>Easter Island</u> and the ruins of <u>Petra</u>, both of which were the result of deforestation resulting in desertification. (Wikipedia)

권장 도서, 미디어

Anthony Giddens, [Introduction to Sociology], Polity. 제임스 러브록, [가이아: 살아 있는 생명체로서의 지구], 갈라파고스. Jeffry A. Frieden, [Global Capitalism: Its Fall and Rise in the Twentieth Century], Norton. http://www.worlamapper.org



피플워칭: 보디 랭귀지 연구 <u>데즈먼드 모리스</u>